



SmartIDs

**Direct use of recognition
criteria**

Flexible, stable component recognition
without nodes saving the
recognition criteria.

The idea is to keep simple things simple.

Component node:

Class



Name / ID



Label 1



Label 2



Index



Geometry



Component

QF-Test ID
OkButton

Class name
Button

Name
OkButton

Feature
OK

\$ As regexp

 Extra features

State	Regexp	Negate	Name	Value
Ignore	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	class	ui-button ui-widget ui-state
Should match	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	qfs:label	OK
Ignore	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	tag	BUTTON:BUTTON

Structure

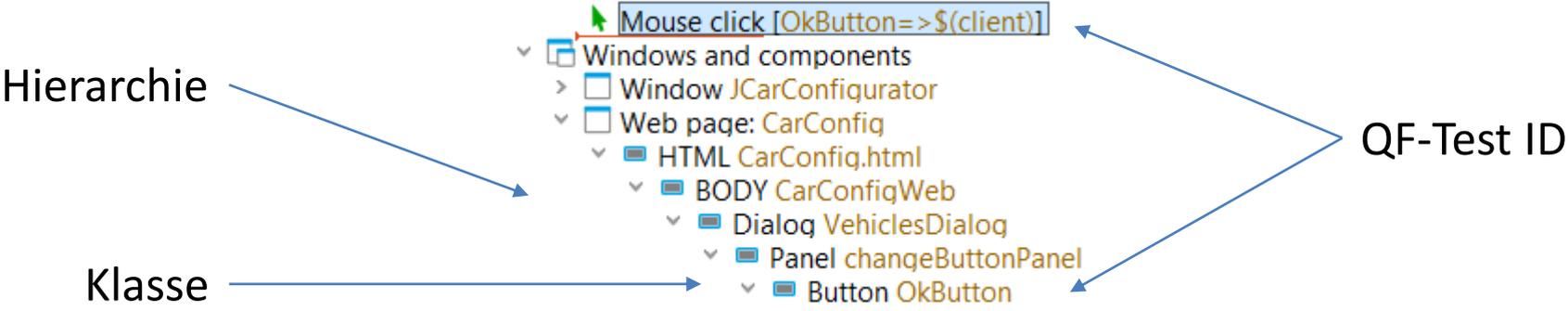
Class index	Class count
3	5

Geometry

X	Y
406	14
Width	Height
60	37

← QF-Test ID

Component tree:



Using generic components:

1) Component with name

```
Procedure: click button  
  Mouse click [genericButton=>$(client)]  
  
Call procedure: click button(OkButton)
```

Name as variable



Procedure call

Procedure name
click button

Variable for return value

Local variable

Variable definitions

Name	Value
name	OkButton

Component

QF-Test ID
genericButton

Class name
Button

Name
\$(name)

Feature

As regexp

Extra features

State	Regexp	Negate	Name	V
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Structure

Class index

Class count

Geometry

X

Y

Width

Height

Using generic components:

2) Component with label

Procedure: **click button**
Mouse click [genericButton=>\$(client)]

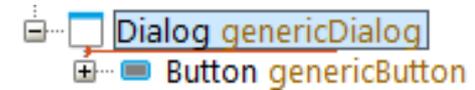
Call procedure: **click button(OK)**

Label as variable

Procedure call	
Procedure name	click button
Variable for return value	
<input type="checkbox"/> Local variable	
Variable definitions	
Name	Value
label	OK

Component			
QF-Test ID			
genericButton			
Class name			
Button			
Name			
Feature			
<input type="checkbox"/> As regexp			
Extra features			
State	RegexpNegate	Name	Value
Must match	<input type="checkbox"/>	qfs:label	\$(label)
Structure			
Class index		Class count	
Geometry			
X		Y	
-		-	
Width		Height	

Using generic components:



3) Component in a modal dialog



Procedure call

(•) Procedure name
click button

Variable for return value

Local variable

+ - Variable definitions

Name	Value
label	OK
dialogName	VehiclesDialog

Generic dialog

Component

QF-Test ID
genericDialog

Class name
Dialog

Name
\$(dialogName)

Generic button

Component

QF-Test ID
genericButton

Class name
Button

Name

Feature
\$(label)

Pros:

- Lean, clear component tree
- Test implementation without component recording
- Good readability of procedure calls

Cons:

- Generic components for
 - Each class
 - Each criteria (name, label)
 - Structure/hierarchy (dialog, panel...)
- Maintenance via Search/Replace
- Performance when using labels
- Reduced number of recognition criteria

- A SmartID consists of one or more recognition criteria, chosen from the available criteria.
- The recognition criteria are entered in the space of the QF-Test ID of the component.
- No component nodes required.
- Available criteria for a SmartID:
 - Generic class
 - Name (ID)
 - Feature
 - Extra features (qfs:label)
 - Index
 - component hierarchy

Form
#Label
#Name
#Klasse:Label
#Klasse:Name
#Klasse:
#Klasse:<2>
#Parent@#Child
#%Regexp
#TabPanel:@Tab1
#Tab:Tab1
Other combinations

General syntax:

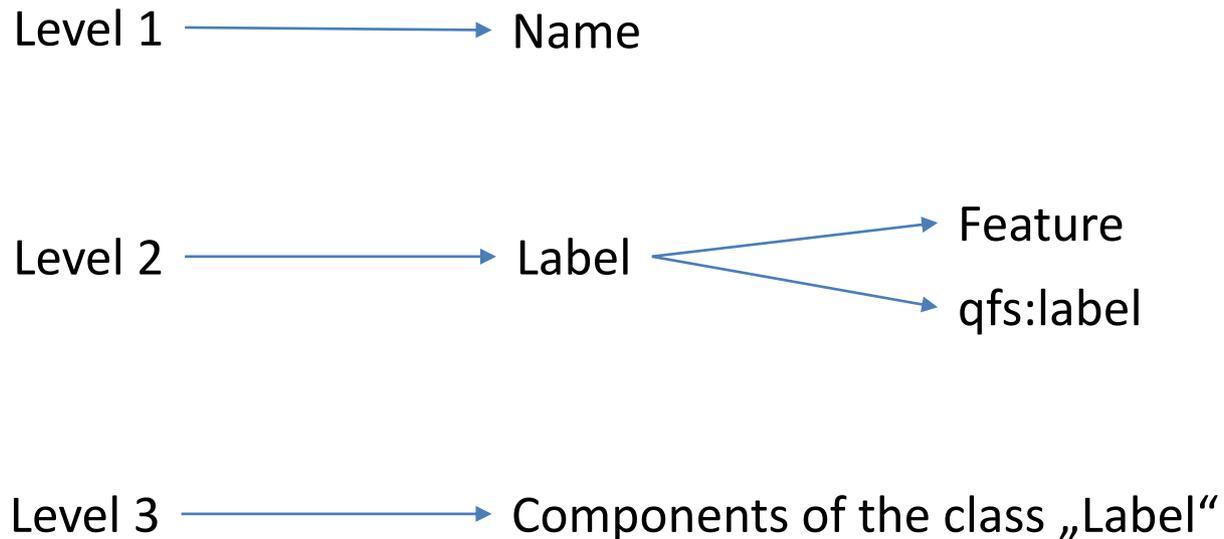
#[%][noscope:][ENGINE:][CLASS:][VALUE][<INDEX>]

- 👉 Mouse click [#OK=>\$(client)]
 - 👉 Mouse click [#OkButton=>\$(client)]
 - 👉 Mouse click [#Button:OK=>\$(client)]
 - 👉 Mouse click [#Button:OkButton=>\$(client)]
 - 👉 Mouse click [#Button:=>\$(client)]
 - 👉 Mouse click [#Button:<2>=>\$(client)]
 - 👉 Mouse click [#Dialog:=>\$(client)]
 - 👉 Mouse click [#VehiclesDialog@#OK=>\$(client)]
 - 👉 Mouse click [#%OK|Ok=>\$(client)]
- 📁 Windows and components

The recognition criteria will not be saved
-> no component tree.

„%“ shows VALUE is a regular expression.

When a SmartID addresses several components the ranking is as follows*:

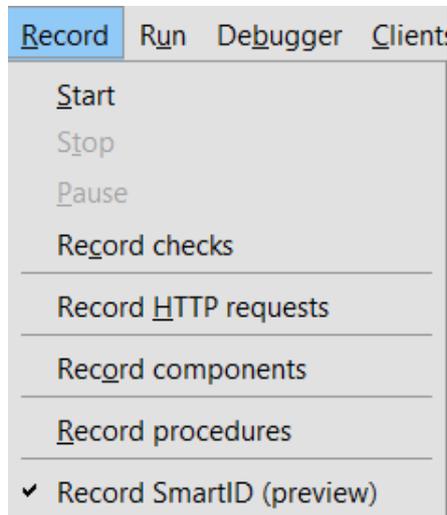


-> Same stability and performance as a component node: #Name

*) Can be changed via option

- Pros
 - No component tree
 - Test implementation without component recording
 - Good readability of nodes
 - Explicit recognition criteria
- Cons
 - Maintenance via Search/Replace
 - Performance when using labels
 - Reduced number of recognition criteria

QF-Test 6.0 supports SmartIDs as a preview feature, however fully implemented



The menu „Record“ has a new entry:
„Record SmartID (preview)“

Prefer recording of labels:

```
rc.setOption(Options.OPT_RECORD_SMARTID_PRIORITIES, "label,name")
```

- Ignore the component hierarchy
- Readability of tests
- Test driven development (TDD)
- Keyword based tests (KDT, BDT)
- Integration with other test tools
for example Robot Framework
- Cross technology tests

- Container components can be set as „Scope“
(Window, Dialog, Panel...)
- The scope limits the range in which QF-Test will search for the subsequently addressed components
- Faster component recognition
- Improved readability of the tests

- Setting the scope:
 - "@scope <SmartID>" as doc tag in the comment of a node
 - "@scope <QF-Test ID of the component>" as a doc tag in the comment of a node
 - Implicitly with dialogs and popups

Scopes can be nested.

- Leaving a scope:
 - When exiting the node it was set for
 - When the next node has no (@noscope) or a different Scope
 - Implicitly when closing the dialogs or popup

Make sure the SmartID addresses the correct component:

- Add the class
#TextField:First name
- Use a scope
@scope #Customer address
- Use an index
#Table:&0&5@#Button:<1>

In case a recorded SmartID would become too complicated QF-Test will record a component node.

The introduction of **Scopes** and **SmartIDs** was a critical leap for QF-Test. It has opened the gates wide for generic solutions. Scope and SmartIDs are very easy to explain, understand and use. They are also super powerful, easy to maintain, parameterize, centralize, and bring a lot of accuracy and stability.

I switched all the test automation projects I was managing at the time to SmartIDs three months after my introduction to Scopes and SmartIDs. I also implemented a model-based software solution “automated test automation tool” that generates test code for model-based applications and uses QF-Test to automatically populate and validate the UI. This significantly reduced the implementation and maintenance efforts in the projects. After this, QF-Test and me became obviously unstoppable at mgm.

[Lilia Gargouri, mgm, in the interview with Thomas Max, QFS](#)